

2002 IBM. event

## **PROBLEM 1 – HOUSE NUMBERING**

The government of Acmonia has decided that henceforth all house numbers should be given in binary instead of decimal notation. Householders will now have to purchase 0 and 1 binary digits to display on their houses. For reasons much too complicated to discuss here it seems that the cost to a householder of a 0 binary digit and of a 1 binary digit may well differ. Your task is to write a program which will report to householders the cost of their new numbers.

## **INPUT FORMAT**

The input text consists of a number of sets of problems. The first line of a set is of the form "COST a b". For that set:

- *a* and *b* are both integers,  $0 \le a, b \le 1000$ ,
- a 0 binary digit costs *a* dollars,
- a 1 binary digit costs *b* dollars.

The first line is followed by one or more lines each consisting of a single integer *n*.

- $0 \le n \le 2,000,000,$
- *n* indicates a house number, expressed as a standard decimal number.

A single # on a line indicates the end of input.

## SAMPLE INPUT:

COST	T	$\perp$
1		
34		
15		
COST	1	10
1		
34		
15		
COST	10	) 1
1		
34		
15		
COST	0	5
1		
16		
#		



South Pacific Region

**OUTPUT FORMAT** 

Each set of output data must begin with a single output line showing consisting of the word "Set", followed by a space (" "), and the current set number (counted from 1). This is followed by the cost of the binary digits for each house number, each cost being displayed as a decimal number on a separate line.

## SAMPLE OUTPUT:

Set	1	
1		
6		
4		
Set	2	
10		
24		
40		
Set	3	
1		
42		
4		
Set	4	
5		
5		